

Shopping Lists

Many people buy more food than they need when they visit supermarkets. To avoid this problem, some shoppers check the food they have at home before making shopping lists. By doing so, they can avoid buying things they already have. Such lists can also help people save time in stores. Planning meals before shopping is another useful way to reduce food waste.

Your story should begin with this sentence:

One day, Mr. and Mrs. Sato were planning a trip to the supermarket.



No. 1

According to the passage, how can some shoppers avoid buying things they already have?

No. 2

Please look at the picture and describe the situation. You have 20 seconds to prepare. Your story should begin with the sentence on the card.

<20 seconds> Please begin.

Now, please turn over the card and put it down.

No. 3

Some people say that supermarkets should sell more food in small packages. What do you think about that?

No. 4

Today many people order groceries online. Do you think more people will buy groceries this way in the future?

Yes. → Why? / No. → Why not?

解答例・答えるコツ・出題の意図を読むヒント

解答は一例です。ヒントは学習用で、公式の採点基準ではありません。

No. 1 | How ...? → By ...ing

By checking the food they have at home before making shopping lists.

【ねらい】本文から結果につながる方法を読み取る。

【読み取るヒント】avoid buying things they already have と同じ内容を探す。by doing so の so は、リストを作る前に家の食品を確認すること。リストを作ることだけで答えを終えない。

【コツ】今回は方法を聞くhowなので、By + 動詞のing形で答える。

No. 2 | Describe the story

One day, Mr. and Mrs. Sato were planning a trip to the supermarket. Mr. Sato said to his wife, "Let's make a shopping list before we go." He was pointing at his phone, and Mrs. Sato was writing a shopping list. An hour later, Mr. Sato was putting a carton of milk into their shopping cart. Mrs. Sato was choosing apples. Thirty minutes later at home, Mr. Sato was putting a carton of milk on the table. Mrs. Sato was pointing at the milk in their refrigerator. They were surprised because they already had some milk.

【ねらい】時間の流れに沿って出来事を説明する。

【読み取るヒント】①買い物リストの提案 → ②食品を選ぶ → ③家に同じ食品があると気付く。1 コマ目は電話を指す・リストを書く。2 コマ目はカートに入れる・りんごを選ぶ。3 コマ目は買った牛乳1本を置く・冷蔵庫にあった牛乳1本を指す。リストを作っても、家にある食品を確認しないと買い過ぎる、という流れを読む。

【コツ】指定のOne dayから始め、吹き出しと時間表示を生かす。was / were + -ingで主役2人の動作を伝える。

No. 3 | Opinion and reasons

I agree. People who live alone can buy the amount they need. This can help reduce food waste.

I disagree. Small packages use a lot of plastic. People can share large packages with their families.

【ねらい】主張への賛否と理由を伝える。

【読み取るヒント】small packages が主張の中心。少量を买える利点と、包装ごみの増加を比べる。単にスーパーが好きかどうかではない。

【コツ】I agree. / I disagree. → 理由 → 具体例やもう一つの理由。

No. 4 | Answer the actual question

Yes. People can order food without leaving home. This is useful for busy people and older people.

No. Many people want to see fresh food before buying it. They also enjoy choosing food in stores.

【ねらい】身近な話題に自分の考えと根拠を示す。

【読み取るヒント】groceries は食料品。this way はオンライン購入を指す。今後利用が増えるかについて、便利さや食品を直接選びたい気持ちを理由にする。

【コツ】Yes / Noを伝え、Why? / Why not? に理由を続ける。

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